

## S 5632 A

An act to amend the general business law, in relation to consumer protection and utility meter choice.



Thanks to **New York State** Senator Pete Harckham & others who have been working on this issue for years!

## **Important Definitions:**







"Analog"

"Digital"

"Consumer"

It shall be the right of every consumer, at no penalty, fee or service charge, to decline permission for a utility

(a) to replace an existing analog utility meter with a digital meter; or

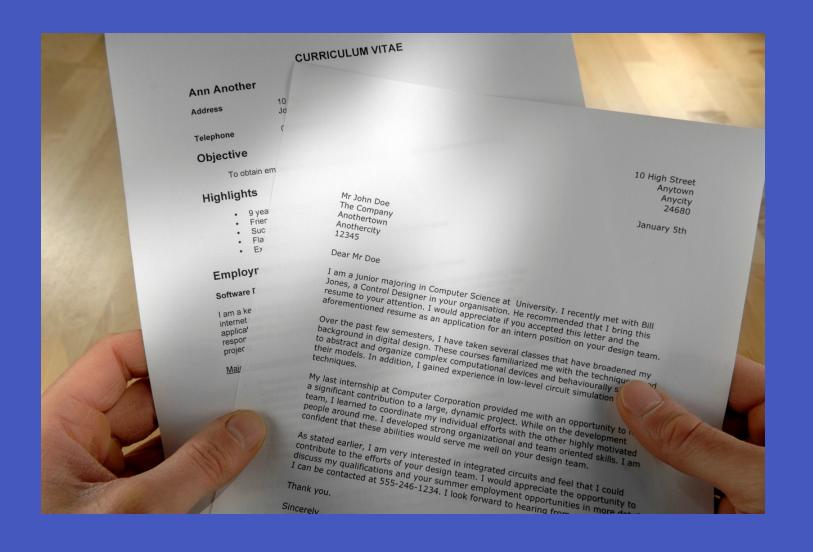
(b) to install a digital utility meter without the consumer's consent.



It shall be the right of every consumer, at no penalty, fee or service charge, to require their utility to replace an existing digital utility meter with an analog utility meter.



A utility must provide written notice to the consumer no less than ninety days prior to the scheduled installation of a digital meter meter, so that the consumer may decline permission for such installation.



The consumer may, at any point in time following the installation of a digital utility meter, require the removal of such device and its replacement with an analog utility meter, with no fee, penalty or service charge.



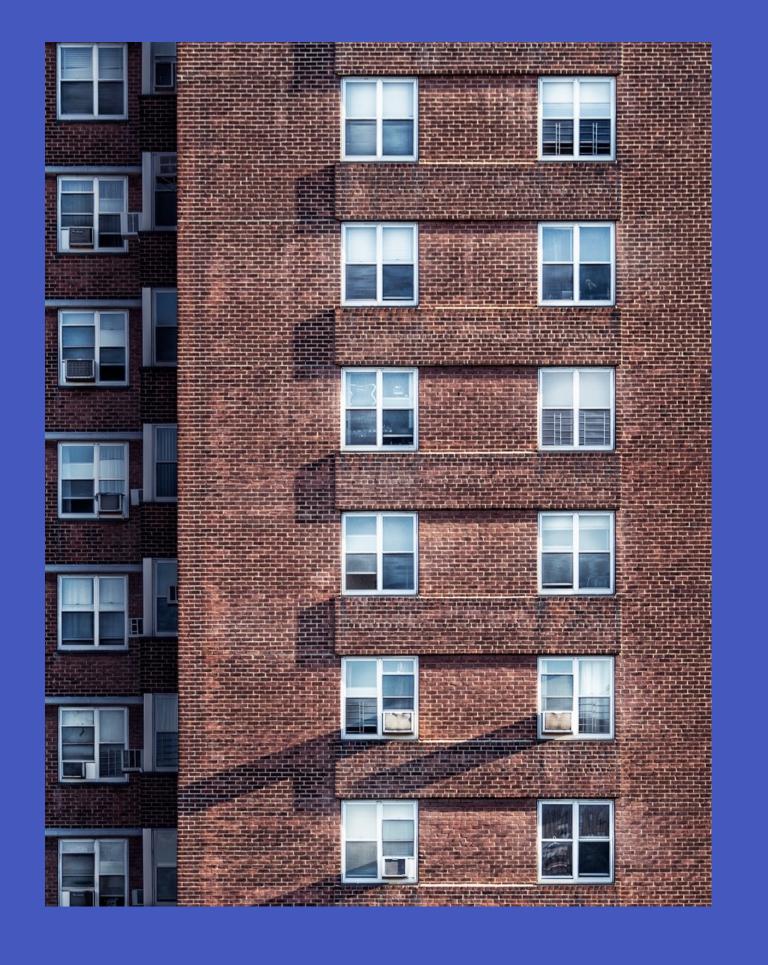
A utility must comply with a consumer's instructions within ten days of receipt if the consumer suffers from electromagnetic sensitivity, or within thirty days of receipt in all other cases.



For buildings with multiple units, utilities may not install or upgrade any digital utility meters at such a building if fifty percent or more of residents decline permission for such installation.



For buildings with multiple units, utilities shall remove a digital utility meter assigned to a consumer's account and replace with an analog meter when requested by such consumer.



The public service commission shall prescribe such rules and regulations to effectuate the provisions of this section as it may deem necessary.



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# New York's Digital Meter Opt-Out Bill S5632-A

New York State Senator Pete Harckham has introduced landmark legislation that would allow all utility consumers in NY State to "Opt-Out" of the installation of a digital meter with no penalty and no cost. Here is our analysis of the problem and the solution

### SUMMARY

Digital utility meters, including "smart" meters, are electronic devices that use pulsed radio-frequency (RF) radiation to operate and/or wirelessly transmit customers' utility usage data back to the utility. S-5632A amends the general business law in relation to consumer protection and utility meter choice by giving all New Yorkers the right to "opt out" of a digital meter.

### **EXISTING LAW**

There is currently a patchwork of local utility policies regarding the right of consumers to opt-out of the installation of digital meters. As a result some customers can fully opt-out, others can opt-out with a penalty, and some cannot opt-out at all. Recently some customers with solar panels have been forced to accept a digital meter, even though their analog meter was working perfectly. A clear, comprehensive statewide policy is required.

### **PROBLEM**

Some individuals are particularly sensitive to RF



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<u>Download the legislative analysis</u>

<u>Digital Meter Background Information</u>

**Health Concerns of Digital Meters** 

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All digital utility meters (transmitting and non-transmitting) employ switch-mode power supplies which emit constant RF radiation. There is no such thing as a "safe" digital meter.



## AMERICANS FOR RESPONSIBLE **TECHNOLOGY**

## LEGISLATIVE ANALYSIS S-5632 (Harckham) DIGITAL UTILITY METERS

Digital utility meters, including "smart" meters, are electronic devices that use pulsed radiofrequency (RF) radiation to operate and/or wirelessly transmit customers' utility usage data back to the utility. S-5632 amends the general business law in relation to consumer protection and utility meter choice by giving all New Yorkers the right to "opt out" of a digital meter.

There is currently a patchwork of local utility policies regarding the right of consumers to opt-out of the installation of digital meters. As a result some customers can fully opt-out, others can opt-out with a penalty, and some cannot opt-out at all. Recently some customers with solar panels have been forced to accept a digital meter, even though their analog meter was working perfectly. A clear, comprehensive statewide policy is required.

Some individuals are particularly sensitive to RF radiation. Symptoms of electromagnetic hypersensitivity (medical code ICD-10 W-90) include headaches, dizziness, nausea, disorientation, and insomnia. Prolonged exposure can result in severe and debilitating medical conditions.

Thousands of scientific studies have demonstrated that low levels of RF radiation (below thermal levels) can interfere with biological functions in lab animals. A major

study by the National Toxicology Program (a division of the National Institutes of Health) found "clear evidence" of an increased cancer risk from exposure to RF radiation.

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Digital utility meters transmit valuable personal usage information that is easily hacked and could be used for unlawful purposes.

Digital utility meters have also been implicated in numerous fires, including devastating wildfires in California.

S-5632 recognizes the right of energy consumers, regardless of where they live in New York State, to decline a digital meter with no penalty or cost. Electric, water or gas utilities must provide customers with advance notice and the opportunity to "Opt-Out" of digital meter installation. Existing digital meters must be replaced at customer's request. Utilities may not install digital meters in apartment buildings if more than 50% of the residents object, and Individuals in apartment buildings may choose an analog meter for their service.

Americans for Responsible Technology is a project of Grassroots Communications, Inc, a registered 501 (c) (4) science-based non-profit organization.

## The Case for Digital Meter Opt-Out Legislation



Digital meters, including so-called "smart" meters, are electronic devices that release constant pulsed radiofrequency (RF) radiation. These meters collect and/or wirelessly transmit customers' utility usage data. Digital meters replace safe, reliable analog meters that do not emit RF radiation.

Digital meters do not protect privacy, reduce utility usage, save consumers money, increase reliability or provide any benefits to consumers.

Exposure to RF radiation has been proven to **negatively impact** brain development, and is often associated with the onset of neurological and physical symptoms of radiation sickness. An extensive study by the National Institutes of Health showed an increased risk of cancer from exposure to RF radiation.\*



Two way digital meters are a problem. But so are one way and non-transmitting digital meters. In any kind of digital meter, switch-mode power supplies create their own RF radiation that can radiate throughout a home or apartment. That radiation is debilitating to sensitive individuals. Digital meters also increase the risk of electrical fires.

The solution is simple. Let utility customers retain or recover their analog utility meters with no penalty. Analog meters have served consumers well for generations, keeping them safe, secure, and their personal data private.

### Support REAL Digital Meter Opt-Out Legislation S-5632 (Harckham)

- \* See Aldad, et al, Fetal Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure From 800-1900 MHz-Rated Cellular Telephones Aff Neurodevelopment and Behavior in Mice. Science Reports 2:312. (2012).
- \* See also the website of the National Institutes of Health: https://www.niehs.nih.gov/health/topics/agents/cellr
- \* To read hundreds of studies demonstrating human health impacts from RF radiation exposure, please see ht



www.AmericansForResponsibleTech.org

# Background Information on Digital Utility Meters

1. There are two categories of digital utility meters that have been approved by the N 1. There are two categories of digital utility meters that have been approved by treatment of the state of th

• Analog Utility Meter - An electro-mechanical utility meter that has been safely us • Analog Utility Meter - An electro-mechanical utility meter that has been salely used decades to measure electric, water and gas usage. Analog meters are not a fire haza that do not contain or utilize flammable electronic commonents. Analog me decades to measure electric, water and gas usage. Analog meters are not a line linear and transmit or contain or utilize flammable electronic components. Analog meters and transmit or conduct radiofrantianov (RE) radiation or electromagnatic interface. Decause they do not contain or utilize nammable electronic components. Analog meters protect privacy and have no canability to cannot transmit or conduct radiotrequency (Kr.) radiation or electromagnetic interiere also known as dirty electricity. Analog meters protect privacy and have no capability to acte as a hull-tin also known as dirty electricity. Analog meters protect privacy and have no capability to machanical arounding custom with curacy/lightning arrestors that protect a consumer's Collect private utility usage gata. An analog meter, for electric service, acts as a pulic-in mechanical grounding system, with surge/lightning arrestors that protect a consumer's

electric system from fires and damaging power surges from the grid,1 • Digital Utility Meter (aka AMR, ERT, AMI, PLC, Smart, non-transmitting digital) - A • Digital Utility Meter (aka AMR, ERT, AMI, PLC, Smart, non-transmitting aigital) - A

Computerized electronic utility meter used to extract, measure, store and/or transmit

These meters are an all to the utility. These meters are an after hazard herei computerized electronic utility meter used to extract, measure, store and/or transmit electric, water or gas usage data to the utility. These meters present a fire hazard because including switch mode nower sunnlies. electric, water or gas usage data to the utility. These meters present a fire hazard because they contain flammable electronic components, including switch mode power supplies, and hattariae Thaca components contaminate electrical wiring and the grid they contain flammable electronic components, including switch mode power supplies, with conducted BE radiation and electromagnetic interference ("dirty electricity") Digit antennas, and batteries. These components contaminate electrical wiring and the grid material aither one-way or two-way pollute the environment with transmitted nulsed RE With conducted KF radiation and electromagnetic interference ("dirty electricity"). Digital maters, either one-way or two-way, pollute the environment with transmitted pulsed RF. meters, either one-way or two-way, pollute the environment with transmitted pulsed KP or circuit hreaders which are accential for cafety. Digital meters do not contain surge arrestors

radiation for large areas aroung the meters. Digital meters go not contain surge arrestors.

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In doing so, the NYSPSC relied on testing procedures from the 2003 NYSDPS Operating Manual were specifically designed to test analog utility meters for metering In doing so, the NYSPSC relied on testing procedures from the 2003 NYSDPS Operating Manual accuracy, not safety, nerformance or RF radiation emissions. Had the meters for metering 92. These test protocols were specifically designed to test analog utility meters for metering tested for fire risks, performance or RF radiation emissions. Had the meters been properly the meters been properly

tested for fire risks, electrical interference and emissions. Had the meters been properly have hear annexed. 3. Once the NYPSC approved digital meters, utility companies began to remove analog meters and husinesses and renlace them with digital meters in most cases. 3. Once the NYPSC approved digital meters, utility companies began to remove analog meters without nrior notification or consumer consent.

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The goal of the meter replacement project was to save the utilities money by eliminating meter and to extract customers' private utility usage data that the utilities could then sell Ine goal or the meter replacement project was to save the utilities money by eliminating meter to third parties. In addition, utilities planned to use digital meters to force time-of-day utility. reader jobs, and to extract customers' private utility usage data that the utilities could then sell parties. In addition, utilities planned to use digital meters to force time-of-day utility and the cannot for the country of the c to third parties. In addition, utilities planned to use digital meters to force time-of-day utility pricing on customers, a practice that discriminates against certain customers who cannot, for

<sup>1</sup> U.S. Patent No. US3735259A Overvoltage Surge Arrester for a meter Department of Public Service 16 NYCRR Part 92 Operating Manual - March 14, 2003